



Year 10 History Curriculum

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Topic	<b>Paper 1 – Crime and Punishment</b>	<b>Paper 1 – Crime and Punishment</b>	<b>Paper 2 – Anglo Saxon and Norman England, c 1060-1088</b>
Knowledge Covered	C1000-c1500 Crime and Punishment in Medieval England: nature of crimes in Anglo-Saxon, Norman and later Medieval period. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Changing definitions of crime, punishment and policing</li> <li>The Concept of social crimes like poaching.</li> <li>Attitudes in society toward crime</li> <li>Nature of law enforcement and nature</li> <li>The role of church in courts and trials.</li> </ul>	C1900- present Crime and punishment in Modern Britain Change and continuity in nature of crimes. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Changing definitions of crime</li> <li>How new crimes are affected by changes in attitudes and technology.</li> <li>Role of authorities and local communities in law enforcement, e.g neighbourhood watch.</li> <li>The Changing role of the modern police and use of science and technology.</li> <li>Attitudes to punishments to include the abolition of the death penalty, changes to prisons.</li> <li>Case studies: Conscientious objectors and Derek Bentley</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Anglo Saxon England- Anglo Saxon society and the House of Godwin</li> <li>Death of Edward the Confessor and the succession crisis of 1066 – strengths and weaknesses of claimants.</li> <li>Battle of Fulford, Battle of Stamford Bridge &amp; Battle of Hastings.</li> <li>Castles, law-making &amp; financial rewards to consolidate Norman rule.</li> <li>Rebellion &amp; unrest 1067-1075 e.g. Battle of Ely, 1071 &amp; Revolt of the Earls, 1075.</li> <li>The Harrying of the North, 1069.</li> <li>Lanfranc and Church reform.</li> <li>William’s death in 1087 &amp; the succession of William Rufus over Robert ‘Curthose’.</li> </ul>
	C1500-1700 Crime and Punishment in Early Modern: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Continuity and changes from The Middle Ages</li> <li>Changing definition of crime in 16th century</li> <li>Nature of law and punishment, e.g. The Bloody code and transportation.</li> <li>Case studies of The Gunpowder Plot and Matthew Hopkins Witch Trials</li> </ul>	Whitechapel c1870-1900 crime, policing and the inner city: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whitechapel environment</li> <li>Local context of Whitechapel, poverty, discontent and crime.</li> <li>Awareness of problems of housing and overcrowding</li> <li>Understand the level of poverty and provision of workhouses</li> <li>Issues and tensions including lodge houses, pubs, immigrant communities from Ireland and Eastern Europe</li> <li>The Organisation of policing in Whitechapel</li> <li>Developments in technologies of detective investigation.</li> <li>Problems between Met police and City of London police and dealing with crimes of Jack the Ripper.</li> <li>Link to the national and regional context including the development of the CID, Charles Warren and Home secretary.</li> </ul>	
	C1700-1900 Crime and punishment in 18 and 19th centuries: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Continuity and change in nature of crimes</li> <li>The ending of witchcraft and treatment of The Tolpuddle Martyrs.</li> <li>The changing nature of law enforcement – Fielding Brothers and the development of the police including the CID.</li> <li>The changing nature of punishments and views on the purpose of punishment, e.g. The end of transportation, The end of The Bloody Code and public execution. Also, prison reform – The work of Howard and Fry.</li> <li>Case studies of Pentonville and Peel</li> </ul>		



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Online Resources	<a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z8f4mnb/revision/1">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z8f4mnb/revision/1</a> <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zsq2ycw/revision/2">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zsq2ycw/revision/2</a> <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z938v9q/revision/4">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z938v9q/revision/4</a> <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z938v9q/revision/5">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z938v9q/revision/5</a>	<a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z9f4srd/revision/4">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z9f4srd/revision/4</a> <a href="https://www.gcsehistory.com/faq/derekbentley.html">https://www.gcsehistory.com/faq/derekbentley.html</a> <a href="https://www.gcsehistory.com/faq/conscientious.html">https://www.gcsehistory.com/faq/conscientious.html</a>	<a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgdk4j6">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgdk4j6</a>

## Year 11 History Curriculum

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Topic	Paper 2 – Anglo Saxon and Norman England, c 1060-1088	Paper 2 - Superpower Relations and the Cold War 1941-91 -	Revision
Knowledge Covered	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Anglo Saxon England- Anglo Saxon society and the House of Godwin</li> <li>• Death of Edward the Confessor and the succession crisis of 1066 – strengths and weaknesses of claimants to the throne.</li> <li>• Battle of Fulford, Battle of Stamford Bridge &amp; Battle of Hastings.</li> <li>• Castles, law-making &amp; financial rewards to consolidate Norman rule.</li> <li>• Rebellion &amp; unrest 1067-1075 e.g. Battle of Ely, 1071 &amp; Revolt of the Earls, 1075.</li> <li>• Harrying of the North, 1069.</li> <li>• Lanfranc and Church reform.</li> <li>• William’s death in 1087 &amp; the succession of William Rufus over Robert ‘Curthose’.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Early tensions between East and West-</li> <li>• Ideological differences, The Tehran, Yalta and Potsdam conferences, the Atom bomb, Satellite states</li> <li>• The Development of the Cold war- The Truman Doctrine and Marshall plan, The 1948 Berlin Crisis</li> <li>• The intensification of the Cold war – The arms race, The Hungarian Uprising 1956</li> <li>• Berlin 1958-63</li> <li>• The Cuban Missile Crisis</li> <li>• Czechoslovakia 1968-69</li> <li>• Attempts to reduce Tension 1969-79 – Detente, SALT1 and SALT 2</li> <li>• The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan 1979</li> <li>• Ronald Reagan and the Second Cold War</li> <li>• The Collapse of the Soviet Union – Gorbachev’s New Thinking, The fall of the Berlin Wall</li> </ul>	Revision
Online Resources	<a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgdk4j6">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgdk4j6</a>	<a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z3h9mnb/revision/1">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z3h9mnb/revision/1</a> <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zyt42p3/revision/1">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zyt42p3/revision/1</a> <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zwp86fr/revision/1">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zwp86fr/revision/1</a> <a href="https://classroom.thenational.academy/units/the-cold-war-superpower-relations-from-1941-1991-d369">https://classroom.thenational.academy/units/the-cold-war-superpower-relations-from-1941-1991-d369</a>	